

UNAFEI

UNITED NATIONS ASIA AND FAR EAST INSTITUTE FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRIME AND THE TREATMENT OF OFFENDERS

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LETTER FROM THE DIRECTOR

It is my privilege to inform readers of the successful completion of the 183rd International Senior Seminar on Management of Correctional Institutions in the 21st Century – with a Focus on the Nelson Mandela Rules, which took place in Tokyo from 11 January to 6 February 2024. In this Seminar, we welcomed 3 Japanese participants and 14 overseas participants: 8 from Asia, 4 from Africa, 1 from South America and 1 from Central America. The participants included prosecutors, corrections officers, probation officers, and other criminal justice officials. As this newsletter demonstrates, the Seminar was extremely productive. It consisted of lectures by visiting experts, expert lecturers, UNAFEI faculty members, individual presentations and interactive discussion sessions.

In order to create a safer and more just society, correctional institutions have two main responsibilities: to protect society from crime and reduce reoffending. To fulfil these responsibilities, criminal justice authorities are obliged to take necessary measures to ensure that prisoners are safely held in custody, ensure that each offender's human rights are respected, and support their reintegration into society as law-abiding citizens. In this regard, these underpinning principles have been recognized in the international community through international standards and norms, represented by the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners (Nelson Mandela Rules), adopted by the United Nations General Assembly, which proclaim those principles and embody them in a set of guidelines. The Nelson Mandela Rules call for respectful and fair treatment of inmates, promoting humane conditions of confinement. All these are indispensable preconditions for a rehabilitative environment in prison.

UNAFEI, as one of the institutes of the United Nations Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Programme Network, held this Seminar to offer participants an opportunity to clarify and analyse the current situation of prison management and offender treatment in each participating country and to explore more effective practices. Additionally, the participants were able to share experiences, gain knowledge and build a human network of counterparts.

During the Seminar, the participants diligently and comprehensively examined the main theme, primarily through a comparative analysis. The participants shared their own experiences and knowledge of the issues and identified problems and areas in which improvements could be made. With the academic and practical input from the visiting experts, expert lecturers and UNAFEI faculty – and the in-depth discussions they had with each other – the participants are now better equipped to enhance the policies and practices related to prison management and offender treatment.

I would like to offer my sincere congratulations to all the participants upon their successful completion of the Seminar, made possible by their strenuous efforts. My heartfelt gratitude goes out to the visiting experts and expert lecturers who contributed a great deal to the Seminar's success. Furthermore, I appreciate the indispensable assistance and cooperation extended to UNAFEI by various agencies and institutions that helped diversify the Seminar.

I would also like to express my great appreciation to the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) for its immeasurable support throughout the Seminar. At the same time, a warm tribute must be paid to the Asia Crime Prevention Foundation (ACPF) and its branch organizations for their substantial contributions to our activities. Lastly, I owe my gratitude to all the individuals whose unselfish efforts behind the scenes contributed significantly to the successful realization of this Seminar.

With the knowledge and perspectives gained through this Seminar, I genuinely believe that, like their predecessors, the strong determination and dedication of the participants will enable them to work towards the improvement of their respective nations' criminal justice systems, and towards the benefit of international society as a whole.

Finally, I would like to reiterate my best regards to the participants of the 183rd International Senior Seminar. I hope that the experience they gained during the Seminar proves valuable in their daily work and that the bonds fostered among the participants, visiting experts and UNAFEI staff will continue to grow for many years to come.

March 2024

山内田龙

YAMAUCHI Yoshimitsu Director, UNAFEI

THE 183RD INTERNATIONAL SENIOR SEMINAR

MANAGEMENT OF CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE 21st CENTURY — WITH A FOCUS ON THE NELSON MANDELA RULES

Seminar Rationale

I. INTRODUCTION

In 2015, the United Nations General Assembly adopted the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (or the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)).¹ Goal 16 seeks to "promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels". Subsequently, the mandates imposed on criminal justice agencies were also clearly stated in the Kyoto Declaration adopted at the Fourteenth United Nations Congress on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice in 2021, emphasizing the importance of ensuring rehabilitative environments in prison.²

In order to create a safer and more just society, correctional institutions have two main responsibilities: to protect society from crime and reduce reoffending. To fulfil these responsibilities, criminal justice authorities are obliged to take necessary measures to ensure that prisoners are safely held in custody, ensure that each offender's human rights are respected, and support their reintegration into society as law-abiding citizens. In this regard, these underpinning principles have been recognized in the international community through international standards and norms, represented by the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners (hereinafter referred to as the "Nelson Mandela Rules"), adopted by the United Nations General Assembly, which proclaim those principles and embody them into a set of guidelines.³

The Nelson Mandela Rules call for respectful and fair treatment of inmates, regardless of their status or the nature of their offences, by respecting the rights of inmates, preventing torture or other cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment, and promoting humane conditions of confinement. Furthermore, they emphasize the inherent dignity of every individual, even when deprived of liberty. All these are indispensable preconditions for a rehabilitative environment in prison. This programme aimed to promote management of correctional institutions appropriate for the 21st century in accordance with the international standards and norms.

II. MAIN THEME

The main theme of the programme was "Management of Correctional Institutions in the 21st Century – with a Focus on the Nelson Mandela Rules". The Nelson Mandela Rules are a set of guidelines and principles first adopted by the United Nations in 1955 and revised in 2015

¹ General Assembly Resolution 70/1 (21 October 2015).

² Report of Fourteenth United Nations Congress on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice, A/CONF.234/16, para 37-42. (26 March 2021).

³ General Assembly Resolution 70/175, annex (17 December 2015).

to incorporate changes in the times. The rules were revised to address contemporary issues and to strengthen human rights protections within the criminal justice system, and they were named to honour Nelson Rolihlahla Mandela, the renowned South African anti-apartheid revolutionary, who spent 27 years in prison in the course of his struggle for human rights, equality and democracy. The Nelson Mandela Rules, comprising 122 rules, were revised to improve following nine thematic areas which cover all aspects of prison management.

- Prisoners' inherent dignity and value as human beings
- Vulnerable groups of prisoners
- Medical and health services
- Restrictions, discipline and sanctions
- Investigation of deaths and torture in custody
- Access to legal representation
- Complaints and inspections
- Terminology
- Staff training

The revision brought about significant changes and updates to the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners. The rules encourage rehabilitation and social reintegration programmes for prisoners, aiming to reduce reoffending and facilitate their successful reintegration into society after release. They also take vulnerable groups of inmates into consideration, by addressing the specific needs of and consideration for these inmates. Furthermore, the revision encourages regular monitoring and independent oversight of correctional institutions to ensure compliance with the rules and accountability for any violations.

Overall, the 2015 revision marked a significant step forward in promoting humane and respectful treatment of people in custody worldwide, and it sought to establish a more progressive and rights-based approach to corrections and incarceration. In 2017, the General Assembly encouraged Member States to use the Nelson Mandela Rules as a guide in the development of laws on corrections.⁴ In the same year, UNODC published a handbook with a checklist to verify the application of the Nelson Mandela Rules.⁵ In order to disseminate the principles of the Nelson Mandela Rules, UNODC also published a handbook of the development of laws on corrections in 2022.⁶

Along with the Nelson Mandela Rules, some other international standards aiming at improving the correctional institutions and treatment of inmates and offenders should be mentioned. The United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for Non-custodial Measures (Tokyo Rules), formulated in 1990, are a set of basic principles to promote the use of non-custodial measures and minimum safeguards for persons subject to alternatives to imprisonment, with the objective of reducing overcrowding in correctional institutions, promoting greater community involvement in the management of criminal justice and promoting among offenders a sense of responsibility towards society.⁷ The United Nations Rules for the Treatment of

⁴ General Assembly Resolution 72/193, para. 1 (19 December 2017).

⁵ UNODC, Assessing Compliance with the Nelson Mandela Rules: A Checklist for Internal Inspection Mechanisms, 2017.

⁶ UNODC, Incorporating Nelson Mandela Rules into National Prison Legislation: A Model Prison Act and Related Commentary, 2022.

⁷ General Assembly Resolution 45/110, annex (14 December 1990).

Women Prisoners and Non-custodial Measures for Women Offenders (Bangkok Rules), established in 2010, specifically focus on the treatment of female offenders, emphasizing the importance of gender-sensitive approaches, addressing the unique needs of women, and promoting alternatives to imprisonment.⁸ All three sets of rules are crucial in fostering a more humane and just criminal justice system, promoting rehabilitation, and safeguarding the rights and dignity of those involved in the justice system.⁹

III. TOPICS CONSIDERED

As mentioned above, the Nelson Mandela Rules are significantly important because they establish essential human rights principles, promote humane treatment and rehabilitation of prisoners, and set a global standard for the management of correctional institutions. However, achieving the principles of the Nelson Mandela Rules, along with other related international standards and norms, can be extremely challenging in countries where correctional institutions are overcrowded, insufficiently staffed or budgeted. In some countries, even if staff understand the importance of human rights and wish to do their best to reintegrate inmates into society, they are forced to confront situations where it is difficult to secure adequate space or even provide nutritious meals. It is also often difficult to secure sufficient budgetary resources to improve their quality of life when public opinion is punitive towards offenders.

While some countries may face significant challenges such as resource constraints, several possible steps can be taken to work towards implementing the principles of the international standards and norms. Hence, this programme aimed to provide participants with opportunities to understand the challenges in each other's countries and share good practices, while taking the harsh realities into account. At the end of the programme (in their IPs), the participants presented realistic solutions to improve the conditions of correctional institutions in their respective countries. Below is a list of topics and sub-topics considered and discussed during the programme to achieve the goal.

- Tackling overcrowding
 - Implementing alternative sentencing for non-violent offenders
 - · Increased use of diversion programmes and rehabilitation services
 - Introduction of non-custodial options such as community service, probation or parole
- Capacity-building and staff training
 - · Providing proper training and capacity-building programmes for staff
 - Support staff in improving their understanding of human rights and humane treatment of inmates
 - Provide training focusing on reducing the use of force and other forms of illtreatment
- > Ensuring accountability and transparency of management

⁸ General Assembly Resolution 65/229, annex (16 March 2011).

⁹ Besides these rules, United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Administration of Juvenile Justice (Beijing Rules), adopted in 1985, concentrate on the protection of juvenile in conflict with the law, recommending fair treatment, rehabilitation, and diversion programmes (General Assembly Resolution 40/33, 29 November 1985).

- · Allowing external organizations to monitor institutions' conditions
- Establishing a complaint-filing procedure
- Prevention of corruption
- Strict limitations on the use of solitary confinement and prolonged isolation
- Promotion of rehabilitation and reintegration
 - · Providing prisoners with treatment programmes, education, and job skills training
 - Providing services to help prisoners secure post-release employment and housing
 - Seamless support for health care and social welfare services from custody to the community
- Community Involvement
 - Involve the local community in supporting rehabilitation and reintegration of released prisoners
 - Raising public awareness about the human rights of inmates
 - Enhancing public support to encourage the government to prioritize improvements in correctional institutions

While none of these measures offer a quick solution, they can contribute to creating a more humane and effective correctional system even in challenging circumstances. Collaboration, innovation, and a sustained commitment to reform are key to making progress toward achieving the principles of the Nelson Mandela Rules.

Seminar Summary

Lectures

During the Seminar, the participants attended a variety of lectures, presentations and discussion sessions, including 2 presented by the visiting experts, 4 by expert lecturers and lectures by faculty members of UNAFEI. The distinguished lecturers addressed issues relating to the main theme of the seminar and contributed significantly beyond their lectures by answering the participants' questions during the question-and-answer sessions. The visiting experts were from the International Committee of the Red Cross and His Majesty's Inspectorate of Prisons of the United Kingdom. The expert lectures included lecturers from the Corrections Bureau of the Ministry of Justice of Japan, the Training Institute for Correctional Personnel, the Centre for Evidence-Based Research and Kanagawa University. The lecturers and lecture topics are listed on pages 9 and 10.

Country Reports

All participants delivered presentations on the current status of major issues in their respective countries at the beginning of the seminar. The participants presented on statistics related to prison incarceration, laws and regulations governing prison management, and challenges facing correctional authorities in each country. After everyone's presentations were completed, a general discussion was held to discuss issues that many countries share and what can be considered as their background.

Individual Presentations

At the final phase of the Seminar, all participants delivered individual presentations which presented how they would apply what they had learned from the programme to the practices, systems and initiatives in each participant's home country, identifying future directions for addressing issues concerning the main theme of the programme. Each presentation was followed by a question-and-answer session, in which additional information was shared. See "Individual Presentations" for more information. The Individual Presentation topics are listed on pages 11 and 12.

Self-Learning Sessions

In order to implement the programme efficiently within a limited time, UNAFEI set aside approximately one hour of self-learning time each day and provided useful self-learning materials. In particular, all participants successfully completed the UNODC e-Learning Course on the Nelson Mandela Rules during their self-learning sessions and were awarded seminar completion certificates.

Group Workshop Sessions

Group workshop sessions provided the participants with the opportunity to further examine the sub-topics of the main theme through in-depth discussions. In order to conduct each session effectively, the UNAFEI faculty selected individuals to serve as group members for the subtopics. Selected participants served as chairpersons, co-chairpersons, rapporteurs or corapporteurs, and faculty members served as advisers. Each group's primary responsibility was to explore and develop their chosen topics in the group workshop sessions. The participants and UNAFEI faculty studied the topics and exchanged their views based on information obtained through personal experience, the individual presentations, lectures and so forth. The group members are provided on pages 13 to 15.

Lecture Topics

Visiting Experts' Lectures

- 1) Mr. Robert HOLLANDER International Committee of the Red Cross
 - Improving the Quality of Life and Protecting Human Rights in Correctional Institutions
- 2) Mr. Charlie Taylor His Majesty's Inspectorate of Prisons of the United Kingdom
 - The Importance of Independent Inspections Improving Standards in Prisons

UNAFEI Professors' Lectures

- 1) Prof. MIYAGAWA Tsubura
 - Imprisonment around the World
 - International Standards and Norms
- 2) Prof. AKASHI Fumiko
 - United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for Non-custodial Measures (The Tokyo Rules)
- 3) Mr. Thomas L. Schmid (Linguistic Adviser)
 - Connecting Correctional Theory with Sustainable Development: An Historical Perspective on the United Nations Crime Congress

Experts' Lectures

- 1) Mr. SHINIKETANI Ryō Director of Inspection Office, General Affairs Division, Correction Bureau of the Ministry of Justice
 - Complaints and Inspection System in Penal Institutions in Japan
- 2) Mr. ONO Fumihiro Manager of General Affairs Section, Training Institute for Correctional Personnel
 - Introduction of the Training Institute for Correctional Personnel
- 3) Ms. HANDO Mayumi Research Officer, Centre for Evidence-Based Research
 - Introduction of the Centre for Evidence-Based Research

4) Dr. SHINKAI Hiroyuki Faculty of Law, Kanagawa University

> • Management of Correctional Institutions in the 21st Century - with a focus on the Nelson Mandela Rules

Individual Presentation Topics

Overseas Participants

- 1) Ms. Tânia Maria Matos Ferreira FOGAÇA (Brazil)
 - Brazilian Prison System and the Community: Is the Hogoshi Model Possible?
- 2) Mr. Francisco Salvador MÉRIDA MÉRIDA (Guatemala)
 - The Implementation of Post-Prison Programmes in Guatemala
- 3) Ms. Selviana PURBA (Indonesia)

• Empowering Restorative Justice Practices to Mitigate Overcrowding Challenges in Indonesian Correctional Institutions

- 4) Ms. Jenna WIDYAWATI (Indonesia)
 - Security and Safety Management at Correctional Facilities
- 5) Mr. John Mutegi REWA (Kenya)
 - Decongesting Prisons through Non-Custodial Measures
- 6) Mr. Ounheuane KHAMDENG (Laos)
 - Enhancing Supervision Power of the Public Prosecutor in Correctional Institutions
- 7) Mr. Mohd Shahrizal Bin AZHARI (Malaysia)
 - Correctional Institutions in Malaysia: Implementation of the Nelson Mandela Rules
- 8) Mr. Abdulla Abdul RAHEEM (Maldives)
 - Rehabilitation and Reintegration of Inmates, and Inmates' Rights
- 9) Mr. Abdellahi Mohamed-Yeslem CHOUMAD (Mauritania)
 - Rehabilitation and Reintegration of Offenders in Mauritania an Approach Towards a Balanced Prison System
- 10) Mr. Shanti Raj KOIRALA (Nepal)

• Challenges, Overcoming Measures and Role of Nepal Police on Management of Correctional Institutions and Reduce Reoffending

11) Mr. Khadar Mohamed FARAH (Somalia)

• Promoting Somali National Prison Service's Challenges, Practicing National Laws and Nelson Mandela Rules

12) Mr. James Gore Lado JUMI (South Sudan)

• Effectiveness of International Standards and Norms (Implementation Challenges and Solutions)

13) Mr. BASNAYAKE MUDIYANSELAGE UDA GEDARA Ajith Kumarasiri Basnayake (Sri Lanka)

• Pressing Issues of the Prison System in Sri Lanka and Initiatives to Overcome

14) Mr. OMONOV Zafarjon Rakhmonalievich (Uzbekistan)

• International Positive Practices and Effective Approaches for Ensuring Prisoners' Rights and Freedoms, Existing Problems and Proposals for Their Solution

Japanese Participants

- 1) Mr. HAYAMA Koji
 - Offender Rehabilitation in Japan
- 2) Mr. MIYAGAMI Yasuaki
 - Detention Centres and Police Detention Facilities in Japan
- 3) Ms. NISHI Keiko
 - Challenges and Recommendations in Penal Institutions in Japan

Group Workshop Sessions

Group 1

Measures to Ensure the Effectiveness of International Standards and Norms		
Chairperson	Mr. Abdulla Abdul RAHEEM (Maldives)	
Rapporteur	Mr. John Mutegi REWA (Kenya)	
Co-rapporteur	Mr. Mohd Shahrizal Bin AZHARI (Malaysia)	
Members	Ms. Tânia Maria Matos Ferreira FOGAÇA (Brazil)	
	Mr. Abdellahi Mohamed-Yeslem CHOUMAD (Mauritania)	
	Ms. NISHI Keiko (Japan)	

Adviser Prof. MIYAGAWA Tsubura (UNAFEI)

Group 2 Methods for Effective Capacity-Building

Chairperson	Mr. James Gore Lado JUMI (South Sudan)	
Co-chairperson	Mr. HAYAMA Koji (Japan)	
Rapporteur	Ms. Jenna WIDYAWATI (Indonesia)	
Members	Mr. Francisco Salvador MÉRIDA MÉRIDA (Guatemala)	
	Mr. Shanti Raj KOIRALA (Nepal)	
	Mr. OMONOV Zafarjon Rakhmonalievich (Uzbekistan)	
Adviser	Prof. AKASHI Fumiko (UNAFEI)	

Group 3 Promoting Quality of Life and Human Rights Protection in Correctional Institutions		
Chairperson	Ms. Selviana PURBA (Indonesia)	
Rapporteur	Mr. BASNAYAKE MUDIYANSELAGE UDA GEDARA Ajith Kumarasiri Basnayake (Sri Lanka)	
Members	Mr. Ounheuane KHAMDENG (Laos)	
	Mr. Khadar Mohamed FARAH (Somalia)	
	Mr. MIYAGAMI Yasuaki (Japan)	
Adviser	Prof. KIDA Makiko (UNAFEI)	

Observation Visits

<u>Date</u>	Agency/Institution
15 Jan.	Training Institute for Correctional Personnel
17 Jan.	Ministry of Justice
1 Feb.	<i>Kunitachi Anryu</i> (Halfway House, Corporation for Offender Rehabilitation)

Group Study Tours

<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Agency/Institution</u>
22 Jan.	Hiroshima	Meeting with Probation Officers of Hiroshima Probation Office and Hogoshi in Hiroshima
23 Jan.	Hiroshima	Hiroshima Juvenile Training School
		Kifunebara Juvenile Training School for Girls
24 Jan.	Hiroshima	Hiroshima Prison

Special Events

11 Jan.	Welcome Reception
16, 19 Jan.	Japanese Language Class
17 Jan.	Courtesy Call to the Minister of Justice
18 Jan.	Visit the Home of Hogoshi (Volunteer Probation Officers)
23 Jan.	Reception hosted by ACPF Hiroshima Branch
31 Jan.	Friendship Party by Training Institute for Correctional Personnel
6 Feb.	Farewell Party

Reference Materials

UNAFEI'S 183rd INTERNATIONAL SENIOR SEMINAR LIST OF REFERENCE MATERIALS

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Lis	List of Reference Materials (183rd International Senior Seminar)	
1	The United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners (the Nelson Mandela Rules) https://www.unodc.org/documents/justice-and-prison-reform/Nelson_Mandela_Rules- E-ebook.pdf	
2	Assessing compliance with the Nelson Mandela Rules: A checklist for internal inspection mechanisms https://www.unodc.org/documents/justice-and-prison-reform/17- 04946_E_ebook_rev.pdf	
3	Incorporating The Nelson Mandela Rules into National Prison Legislation: A Model Prison Act and Related Commentary https://www.unodc.org/res/justice-and-prison- reform/nelsonmandelarules_html/Nelson_Mandela_Rules_Model_Law.pdf	
4	Global Prison Trends 2023 https://cdn.penalreform.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/GPT-2023.pdf	

Expert and Participant List

Visiting Experts	
Mr. Robert HOLANDER	Prison Systems Adviser International Committee of the Red Cross Netherlands
Mr. Charlie TAYLOR	His Majesty's Chief Inspector of Prisons HM Inspectorate of Prisons for England and Wales United Kingdom
Overseas Participants	
Ms. Tânia Maria Matos Ferreira FOGAÇA	Commissioner of Federal Police Federal Police Superintendence in Sao Paulo Federal Police of Brazil Brazil
Mr. Francisco Salvador MÉRIDA MÉRIDA	Interinstitutional Coordination and International Cooperation Advisor, Planning Subdirectorate Planning Department General Directorate of the Penitentiary System Guatemala
Ms. Selviana PURBA	Judicial Judge Civil Chamber Supreme Court Indonesia
Ms. Jenna WIDYAWATI	Senior Officer Property Management Administration and General Affairs Division ASEAN Secretariat Indonesia
Mr. John Mutegi REWA	Senior Assistant Secretary National Administration Ministry of Interior and National Administration Kenya

Mr. Ounheuane KHAMDENG	Deputy Director of the International Cooperation Division Planning and International Cooperation Department Office of the Supreme People's Prosecutor Laos
Mr. Mohd Shahrizal Bin AZHARI	Assistant Superintendent of Police Training Division Royal Malaysia Police Malaysia
Mr. Abdulla Abdul RAHEEM	Chief Inspector of Police Police Custody Maldives Police Service Maldives
Mr. Abdellahi Mohamed-Yeslem CHOUMAD	President of the Regional Tribunal of South Nouakchott Courts/Human Resources Ministry of Justice Mauritania
Mr. Shanti Raj KOIRALA	Superintendent of Police Secretariat of Counter Terrorism Mechanism, Head Quarters Nepal Police Nepal
Mr. Khadar Mohamed FARAH	Judge Criminal Section Banaadir Regional Court Somalia
Mr. James Gore Lado JUMI	Legal Counsel Directorate of Legislation, Gazette and Publication and Printing Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs South Sudan
Mr. BASNAYAKE MUDIYANSELAGE UDA GEDARA Ajith Kumarasiri Basnayake	Superintendent of Prisons Department of Prisons Sri Lanka

Mr. OMONOV Zafarjon Rakhmonalievich Judge, Head of Criminal Court Criminal Court of Kuva District Fergana Region Uzbekistan

Japanese Participants

Mr. HAYAMA Koji	Chief Examiner Kinki Regional Parole Board
Mr. MIYAGAMI Yasuaki	Public Prosecutor Nagoya District Public Prosecutors Office
Ms. NISHI Keiko	Section Chief Juvenile Corrections Second Division Sapporo Regional Corrections Headquarter

THE 25th UNAFEI UNCAC TRAINING PROGRAMME

The 25th UNAFEI UNCAC Training Programme was held from 2 to 28 November 2023. Thirty-four participants attended: 30 overseas participants and 4 Japanese participants. The main theme of the programme was Effective Corruption Investigation Utilizing International Cooperation.

Overseas Participants

Mr. Munshi Abdul MOZID	District and Sessions Judge Law and Justice Division Bangladesh Judicial Service Bangladesh
Mr. Rodrigo Antonio GONZAGA SAGASTUME	General-Coordinator for Extradition and Transfer of Sentenced Persons Department of Assets Recovery and International Legal Cooperation Ministry of Justice and Public Security Brazil
Mr. Luiz Paulo PACIORNIK SCHULMAN	Federal Prosecutor Anti-Corruption Core at the Federal Public Prosecutor's Office in the State of Parana Federal Public Prosecutor's Office Brazil
Mr. PHORN Sam On	Deputy Director Department of Personnel and Training Anti-Corruption Unit (ACU) Cambodia
Ms. Aya Marylin Nancy KOUAKOU	Substitute of Prosecutor First Court of Abidjan Ministry of Justice and Human Rights Cote d'Ivoire
Mr. Epeli Cama Lesumai Isireli SAU	Senior Legal Officer Legislative Drafting Office of the Attorney General, Ministry of Justice Fiji

Ms. Dora Elvira RIVERA ZUNIGA	Chief Officer Financial Investigation Division (DPIF) Secretary of State in the Security Office Honduras National Police Honduras
Mr. Virender Mohan MITTAL	Superintendent of Police Anti-Corruption Branch Central Bureau of Investigation Department of Personnel and Training India
Mr. Wicklief Steven Herbert RUUS	Head of Investigation Task Force Directorate of Investigation Corruption Eradication Commission (KPK) Indonesia
Mr. Berik ZHUNISBEKOV	Deputy Head of Staff Prosecutor General's Office General Prosecutor's Office Kazakhstan
Mr. Timothy Munga WAHOME	Officer I Investigations Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission Kenya
Mr. Robert GEDEON	Lieutennant-Colonel Head of Police Station Antelias Antelias Police Station Internal Security Forces, Ministry of Interior Lebanon
Mr. Mohd Iszrole Alhalmy Bin MOHD ISMAIL	Inspector / Senior Police Officer Compliance Unit, Department of Integrity and Standards Compliance (JIPS) Royal Malaysia Police, Ministry of Home Affairs Malaysia
Ms. Shaima AHMED	Public Prosecutor Major Crimes Unit Prosecutor General's Office Maldives

Mr. Bal Sagar GIRI	Joint Secretary Judicial Service Training Center Nepal
Ms. Jesyca Gobum KADIRI	Superintendent of Police Explosive Ordinance Disposal (FOD) Nigeria Police Force Nigeria
Mr. Hidayatullah KHAN	Deputy Director (Headquarters) Anti-Corruption Establishment Govt. of Gilgit-Baltistan Pakistan
Mr. Amara LANSANA	State Counsel Civil and Commercial Division Ministry of Justice Sierra Leone
Mr. Blaise Tombe LORO	Third Legal Counsel Directorate of Public Prosecutions Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs South Sudan
Ms. BAMMANNE RALALAGE Anuththara Jayasinghe	Assistant Director General Legal Division Commission to Investigate Allegations of Bribery or Corruption (CIABOC) Sri Lanka
Ms. Narumon LAKSANAVIMON	Inquiry Officer, Intermediate Level Chief Inquiry Officer Bureau of Public Sector Corruption Inquiry 1 Office of the National Anti-Corruption Commission, Thailand (ONACC) Thailand
Ms. Olga BABYCH	Judicial Law Clerk Appellate Chamber High Anti-Corruption Court Ukraine

Mr. Artem PLIUSHKIN	Senior Detective Main Department of Detectives National Anti-Corruption Bureau of Ukraine Ukraine
Mr. Maksym SAVIUK	Detective Main Department of Detectives/First Department of Detectives National Anti-Corruption Bureau of Ukraine Ukraine
Mr. Oleh SAVKIN	Senior Detective Main Department of Detectives National Anti-Corruption Bureau of Ukraine Ukraine
Mr. Oleh TSYBULIA	Head of the Unit of Legal Support and Providing Representation in Courts Legal Department National Anti-Corruption Bureau of Ukraine Ukraine
Mr. Mamanov Sobir Ugli SARDORJON	Leading Inspector Department of Prevention of Corruption and Implementation of Compliance-Control System Anti-Corruption Agency Uzbekistan
Mr. NGUYEN Tuan Khanh	Vice Rector Inspector Training College Government Inspectorate of Vietnam Viet Nam
Mr. Yobe LUHANA	Deputy Commissioner of Police Administration Zambia Police Service, Ministry of Home Affairs Zambia
Mr. Irvine DUBUGWANI	Asset Recovery Investigation Officer Asset Recovery and Forfeiture Unit Zimbabwe Anti-Corruption Commission Zimbabwe

Japanese Participants

Mr. ICHIMURA Hiroshi	Public Prosecutor Takamatsu District Public Prosecutors Office
Mr. MATSUSHIMA Yoshiyuki	Securities Investigator Market Misconduct Investigation Division Cross-Border Investigation Office Securities and Exchange Surveillance Commission Executive Bureau, Financial Services Agency
Mr. MIURA Hiroshi	Public Prosecutor's Assistant Officer Mito District Public Prosecutors Office
Mr. MORIWAKI Toshio	Public Prosecutor Kyoto District Public Prosecutors Office

INFORMATION ABOUT FORTHCOMING PROGRAMMES

1 The 184th International Training Course

From May to June 2024, UNAFEI will host the 184th International Training Course in Tokyo, Japan. The main theme of the Course is "Countermeasures against Trafficking in Persons, with a focus on Trafficking in Persons for Sexual Exploitation". Approximately 30 participants from overseas and Japan will attend.

ADMINISTRATIVE NEWS

Faculty and Staff Changes

Mr. MORINAGA Taro, formerly the Director of UNAFEI, retired in December 2023. He was the 24th Director of UNAFEI.

Mr. YAMAUCHI Yoshimitsu, formerly the Chief Prosecutor of the Asahikawa District Prosecutors Office, was appointed as the Director of UNAFEI in December 2023. He is the 25th Director of UNAFEI.

Ms. SUZUKI Kaori, formerly an officer of the Takamatsu High Public Prosecutors Office, was appointed an officer of the Training and Hostel Management Affairs Section of UNAFEI in December 2023.

FACULTY AND STAFF OF UNAFEI

Faculty

Mr. YAMAUCHI Yoshimitsu	Director
Ms. IRIE Junko	Deputy Director
Mr. OKUDA Yoshinori	Professor
Mr. YAMANA Rompei	Professor
Mr. NAKAYAMA Noboru	Professor
Ms. MIYAGAWA Tsubura	Professor
	183rd Seminar Programming Officer
Ms. AKASHI Fumiko	Professor
	183rd Seminar Deputy Programming Officer
Ms. KIDA Makiko	Professor
Mr. TANAKA Naoki	Professor
	Chief of Research Division
Ms. FURUKAWA Yuho	Professor
	Chief of Information and Public Relations
Mr. Thomas L. Schmid	Linguistic Adviser

Secretariat

Mr. YAMAMOTO Shinichi	Chief of Secretariat
Mr. TAKEUCHI Atsushi	Chief of General Affairs Section
Mr. MIYAZAKI Hiroki	Chief of Financial Affairs Section
Mr. KOJITANI Masaaki	Chief of Planning Affairs Section
Mr. UEKI Katsuhiko	Chief of Training Affairs Section

Training and Hostel Management Affairs Section

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